(8)

What are Accounting Standards? Why is it necessary to convergence the Indian GAAP with IFRS in Indian accounting 3+8=11 practices?

Or

- What is international financial reporting What the standard (IFRS)? differences between IFRS and AS? 3+8=11
- Discuss all the important provisions of Banking Regulation Act, 1949 for 11 Banking Companies.

Or

Write brief note on IRDA. Discuss the impacts of IFRS on insurance industry in India.

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6 SEM TDC FSA 2 (Sp) (N/O)

2019

(May)

COMMERCE

(Speciality)

Course: 602

(Financial Statement Analysis)

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(New Course)

Full Marks: 80 Pass Marks: 24

- State whether the following statements $1 \times 4 = 4$ are True or False :
 - (i) Valuation of unsold stock depends on the personal judgment of the accountant.
 - (ii) Earning yield ratio is relationship between earning per share and the market value of per share.

- (iii) Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement consists of mandatory provisions only.
- (iv) CRR stands for Cash Reserve Ratio.
- (b) Fill in the blanks with appropriate word(s): 1×4=4
 - (i) Creditors are always interested in knowing the ____ (financial soundness / earning capacity / solvency position) of the business.
 - (ii) Liquid assets is computed by deducting ____ (cash / debtors / stock and prepaid expenses).
 - (iii) Reporting of corporate governance reflects ____ (socio-economic status / company management / economic status).
 - (iv) Cash certificates are ____ (time liabilities / demand liabilities / time and demand liabilities).
- **2.** Write short notes on any *four* of the following: $4\times4=16$
 - (a) Common-size income statement
 - (b) Statement of changes in financial position

- (c) Activity ratios
- (d) Corporate social responsibility reporting
- (e) Statutory liquidity ratio (SLR)
- (f) Non-banking financial company (NBFC)
- 3. (a) What is financial statement analysis?

 State the significance of analysis of financial statements in respect to stakeholders of the company. 4+10=14

Or

(b) Following are the two Ledger Balances A Ltd. and B Ltd. as on 31st March, 2017:

Cr. Balances	A Ltd.	B Ltd.	Dr. Balances	A Ltd.	B Ltd.
10 - 100	7				
Sundry			Cash	27,000	72,000
Creditors	42,000	1,54,000	Sundry		
Other Curren	t		Debtors	2,20,000	2,26,000
Liabilities	78,000	62,000	Stock	1,00,000	1,74,000
Fixed			Prepaid		
Liabilities	2,25,000	3,18,000	Expenses	11,000	21,000
Capital	6,58,000	4,93,000	Other Curren	ıt	
			Assets	10,000	21,000
			Fixed	147 7 45 8	
			Assets (net)	6,35,000	5,13,000
	10,03,000	10,27,000		10,03,000	10,27,000

From the above data, prepare a common-size statement and make comments. 7+7=14

4. (a) "Ratio analysis is a tool of financial statement analysis for identifying financial strength, weakness and growth of an enterprise in a simple and understandable form to the interested parties." Discuss.

14

Or

- (b) Describe with illustrations of the following: $3\frac{1}{2}\times4=14$
 - (i) Debt to equity ratio
 - (ii) Current ratio
 - (iii) Operating ratio
 - (iv) Inventory turnover ratio
- **5.** (a) What do you mean by financial reporting? Discuss its main qualitative characteristics which make financial reporting more reliable to its users.

4+10=14

Or

- (b) Discuss the new standards of Corporate Governance under the Companies Act, 2013.
- 6. (a) Discuss the provisions of Banking Regulation Act, 1949 relating to Financial Statement of banking company.

Or

(b) What is non-banking financial company? Discuss the RBI guidelines on regulatory framework of NBFC.

4+10=14

(Continued)

(Old Course)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

- 1. (a) Fill in the blanks with appropriate word(s): 1×4=4
 - (i) Financial statements are _____ (recorded facts / estimated facts / anticipated facts).
 - (ii) Static analysis takes the data for ____ (one year / two years / three years).
 - (iii) Net capital employed ____ [all assets current liabilities / all assets (excluding fictitious assets) current liabilities / current assets current liabilities].
 - (iv) International Accounting Standard-2 associated with ____ (cash flow statement / inventories / revenues).
 - (b) State whether the following statements are True or False: 1×4=4
 - (i) Cash flow statement is a part of financial statement.
 - (ii) Economic value added helps to measure the performance of business.

- (iii) CSR policy does not include the activities relating to promotion of gender equality and empowering women.
- (iv) Section 24 of Banking Regulation Act, 1949 specifies the requirement of maintenance of cash reserve ratio.
- **2.** Write short notes on any four of the following: $4\times4=16$
 - (a) Indian accounting standard
 - (b) Balance Sheet ratios
 - (c) Sustainability reporting
 - (d) NBFC
 - (e) Demand and time liabilities
 - (f) Insurance contracts
- 3. (a) "Analysis of financial statements is the best way to judge the overall financial health of a company." Explain the statement with your justification.

Or

(b) What is common-size income statement? State the steps for preparation of common-size income statement. 4+8=12

4. (a) Describe the principle ratios which you consider significant while interpreting the financial statement of a company and explain the inferences which may be drawn from them.

Or

(b) The following information is given about PD Ltd. for the year ended 31st March, 2017:

Current ratio-2.5:1

Acid-test ratio-1.5: 1

Current liabilities - 50,000

Find out-

- (i) current assets;
- (ii) liquid assets;
- (iii) inventory.

4+3+4=11

11

5. (a) Define financial reporting. What are the benefits derived from financial reporting?

4+7=11

Or

(b) What is corporate social responsibility reporting? Explain the present legal provisions of corporate social responsibility and its reporting practices in India.

4+7=11